L 24472-65 EWG(j)/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EPF(n)-2/EPR/EWP(t)/EWP(b) $P_{r-4}/P_{c-4}/P_{c-4}$ P_{u-4} IJP(c)/RPL JD/WW/JW 2 \mathcal{L}

ACCESSION NR: AT5000854

s/2800/64/000/008/0163/0179

AUTHOR: Skripka, V. G. (Engineer); Dykhno, N. M. (Candidate of chemical scien-

TITLE: Solubility of helium and neon in liquid oxygen, nitrogen and argon $\frac{1}{\nu}$

SOURCE: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kislorodnogo mashinostroyeniya. Trudy, no. 8, 1964. Apparaty i mashiny kislorodnykh ustanovok (Apparatus and machines of oxygen plants), 163-179

TOPIC TAGS: oxygen plant, oxygen production, helium solubility, neon solubility, noble gas, air fractionation

ABSTRACT: The authors, doing initial research on the solubility of helium and neon in liquid oxygen and adding to data on the helium-neon-liquid argon system, used the circulation method for investigating phase equilibria as developed by Inglis and improved by Dodge and Dunbar. Gas circulation was effected by a magnetic nump and controlled by manometers at key points. Phase equilibria of the ineal gas system were determined separately. Nitrogen was held at the desired temperatures by automatic evacuation. Gas analyses were performed by interferomaters with optical bulbs of 1000 mm length. Tests on the oxygen-helium system

Card 1/2

L 24472-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5000854

were run over temperatures of .67.5-90.3K and pressures of 5.93-25.96 atm. abs.; on the helium-nitrogen system over identical temperatures and pressures of 5.93-25.92 atm. abs.; on the helium-argon and neon-argon systems at 90.5K and pressures of 5.95-25.92 atm.abs.; and on the neon-oxygen and neon-nitrogen systems at temperatures of 67-90.3K and pressures of 5.93-26.01 atm.abs. Graphs showing prossure as a function of composition for both liquid and gaseous states were in 4 on the basis of the data obtained. The solubility of helium in liquid regen, mitrogen, and argon is only 10-20% of that of neon order similar conditions. As a rule, an increase in temperature increases the solubility of the limit in liquid oxygen and nitrogen. This is not so, however, for the neon-nitrogen system. Orig. art. has: 14 figures and 6 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kislorodnogo mash--ossitayeniya (All-union oxygen machine building scientific research institute)

(1)

ENCL: 00

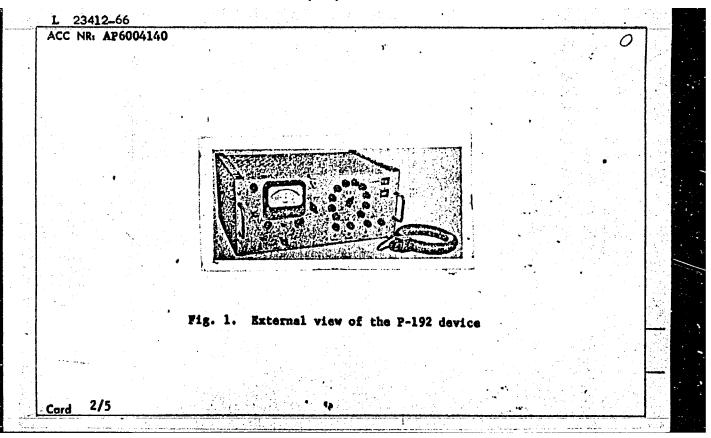
SUB CODE: IC, -C

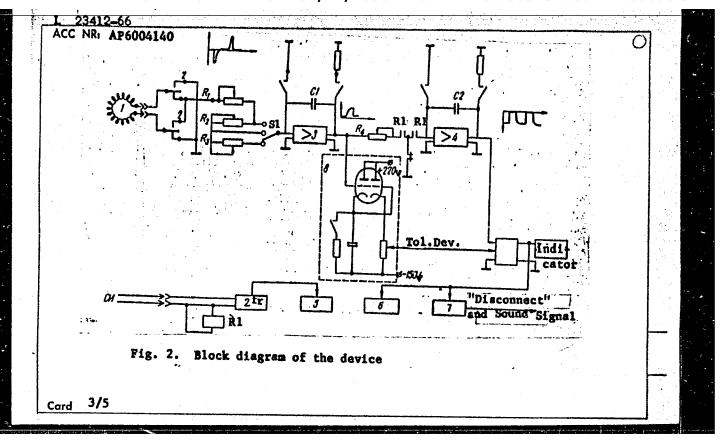
4 REF STY: 010

OTHER: 006

Lord 2/2

23412-66 EWI(d)/EWI(\mathbf{m})/EWP(\mathbf{V})/I/EWP(\mathbf{t})/EWP(\mathbf{k})/EWP(\mathbf{n})/EWP(\mathbf{I}) JD/HM ACC NR: AP6004140 SOURCE CODE: UR/0125/66/000/001/0066/0068 AUTHOR: Vashchevskiy, V. F.; Gologovskiy, G. H.; Dykhno, S. L. ORG: none TITLE: Device for automatic monitoring of the parameters of resistance-welding regime SOURCE: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 1, 1966, 66-68 TOPIC TAGS: resistance welding, welding equipment component, power monitor, pulse signal, metallurgic testing machine, circuit design, automatic control equipment The authors present a description of the P-192 device for automatic ABSTRACT: monitoring and signaling of deviations from the set welding regime according to the amplitude of welding current and the parameter i,dt (where t, is the duration of the welding-current pulse). Range of current intensities measured: 1-100 kilo-amperes (ka). Welding-current measurement error: +5%. The device (Fig. 1) is connected to the welding machine by two circuits. The first circuit (Fig. 2), represented by toroidal measuring transform-Card 1/5 UDC: 621.791.76:681.1/.2





L 23412-66

ACC NR: AP6004140

er 1, is connected to the bottom holder of the welding machine. The second circuit pertains to synchronizing voltage pulses which must overlap in time the welding-current pulses and which are used to trigger flip-flop relay 2: the contacts of this relay switch the output of the toroidal transformer, since each time the polarity of current pulses in the welding machine is reversed. The voltage from the toroidal transformer flows to electronic integrator 3 of the DC tube-amplifier type. The input resistors R₁, R₂, R₃ of the amplifier are designed to regulate the time constant of the RC of the integrator. Switch Sl is used to adjust the measurement range to 10, 50 or 100 ka. The integrator output is connected to memory element 8 which records the amplitude value of the restored voltage pulse at the output of integrator 3, whence the pulse is conveyed to a second integrator (DC amplifier 4 and integrating elements — resistor R₄ and capacitor C2). The contacts of relay Rl cause the resistor R₄ to be connected to the amplifier input and, during the passage of the welding-current pulse, the voltage

$$v_2 \approx \int_0^{t_d} v_1 dt = \int_0^{t_d} \left(\int \frac{di_w}{dt} dt \right) dt = \int_0^{t_d} i_w dt.$$

forms at the output of integrator 4. The voltage proportional to the amplitude of the welding-current pulse, from the output of the memory element, and the voltage pro-

cm. 4/5

Ò

L 23412-66 ACC NR: AP6004140

portional to the amount of electricity passed during a welding pulse, from the output of the second integrator (amplifier 4), proceed to the device for measuring the tolerances of the parameters, where the variations in the pulse amplitude and the amount of electricity therein, when they exceed the upper and lower limits of the tolerance vice also includes built-in electromechanical counters of points at which the current or electricity exceed the specified tolerances and relay counters for generating the disconnect" signal (opening of contacts) or sound signal (closing of contacts). It current-pulse shape can be visually monitored. The device can be used to conitor the performance of DC, AC and capacitor welding machines. It can be adjusted to three different scales of measurement of current-pulse amplitude and of the corresponding looka, 50 ka-sec. Currently, a new version of the device, with digital readout which gures.

SUB CODE: 09, 11, 13/ SUBM DATE: 03Jun65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 000

Card 5/5 2/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411730006-9

PA 47/49T52 DYKHNO, YU. A. ment of psortagin, and for shock therear. Biv Dermato-Venereol Inst, 3 pp Transfusions," Yu. A. Dykhno, Azerbaydzhan USSR/Medicine - Blood Transfusion, ification may be used successfully for treatmethod can be used under any condition. Modplicated or dangerous. Second modification of Head Sci Dept of Inst: Prof B A. Eyvazov. Azerbaydzhan Dermato-Venereol Inst: A. A. Aliyev USSR/Medicine -Intresternal transfusion method is not com-"Vest Venerol i Dermatol" No 2 "Treatment of Psoriasis by Intrasternal Blood Medicine - Psoriasis, Therapy Blood Transfusion, Intrasternal Intrasternal (Contd) Mar/Apr 49 Mar/Apr 49 35264/Ln

DYKHNO, YU.A.

DYKHNO, YU. A.

29916

Nyekotoryye osobyennosti pyeryelivaniya krovi dyetyam. Sov. Myeditsina, 1949, No 9, s. 36-37

Radushchkyevich, V. P. K Voprosu ob opyeratsii pri tyazhyeloy gyemofilii pop zashchltoy pyeryelivaniya krovi. — Sm. 29945

11. Endokrinologiya

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 40

DYKHNO, Yu.A.

Method of blood transfusion into the marrow of the sternal minubrium. Sovet.med. No.2:13-15 Feb 51. (CLML 20:6)

1. Baku.

DYKHNO YU, A.
USSR General Problems of Pathology - Allergy.

T-2

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 12548

Author

: Dykhno, Yu.A., Kesova, S.K., Kuliyev, A.Kh.

Inst

: Not given

Title

: The Treatment of Bronchial Asthma by Intrathoracic

Injection of Blood.

Orig Pub

: Sb. tr. Azerb. n.-i. in-ta kurortol. i fiz. metodov leche-

niya, 1956, vyp. 2, 115.119.

Abstract

: These are the results of intrathoracic instillation of blood into 7 patients, most of whom had severe cases of long duration. 5-10 ml of compatible donor's blood, or the patient's own blood, to which 1.5-2 ml of 10% CaCl solution had been added as a preservative, was introduced intrasternally each week with an average of 8 transfusions in all per patient. Sixty-six patients were cured

Card 1/2

USSR/General Problems of Pathology - Allergy.

T-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 12548

clinically, 18 improved and 3 remained unchanged. In the latter 3 patients there was some improvement noted, such as increased tones and immunobiologic resistance. In some cases the attack stopped at the time of the intrathoracic injection.

Card 2/2

DYKHNO, Yu. A.

DYKHNO, Yu.A. (Baku)

Intrathoracic infusions of blood for nonspecific stimulation. Vrach.delo no.10:1089-1091 0 '57. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy nauchmo-iasledovatel'skiy institut kurortologii i fizioterapii. (BLOOD--TRANSFUSION)

DYKHNO, Yu.A. (Baku)

Objections reised to M.G. Abramov's article "Diagnostic punctures of the hemopoietic organs and complications involved" (Klinicheskaia meditsina, no.5, 1957). Klin.med. 36 no.7:155-156 Jl 158 (MIRA 11:11)

(PUNCTURES)
(HEMOPOIETIC SYSTEM)

DYKHEO, Yu.A.; ABDULLAYEV, D.M., prof., red.

[In roduction of blood and drugs through the incisura jugularis sterni] Vvedenie krovi i lekarstv cherez iaremnuiu vyrezku grudiny. Baku, Azerneshr, 1963. 110 p.

(MIRA 17:4)

DYKHNO, Yu.A.

Etiology, pathogenesis and treatment of eczema. Sbor. trud. Azerb. nauch.—issl. inst. kur. i fiz. metod. lech. no.9: 175-185 '63. (MIRA 18:8)

DYKHNOV, Nikolay Vasil'yevich; VLADIMIROV, A., red.; KONYASHINA, A., tekhn.

[Heroism of the young] Podvig iunykh. [Moskva] Izd-vo TsK VIKSM "Molodaia gvardiia," 1958. 94 p. (MIRA 11:10)

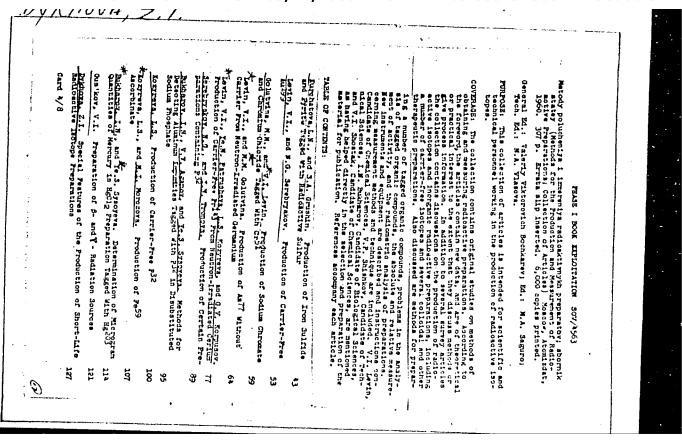
1. Sekretar' Alma-Atinskogo obkoma partii (for Dykhnov). (Kazakhstan-Reclamation of land)

DYKHNOV, A. I., Cand Vet Sci (diss) -- "Changes in food subproducts of the first category when kept in commercial refrigerators". Saratov, 1960. 17 pp (Min Agric RSFSR, Kazan' Vet Inst im N. E. Bauman), 200 copies (KL, No 11, 1960, 136)

OL'KHOVOY, F.Ye.; LEMESHKO, M.I. PYKHOVA, M.N. SHEMAROVA. L.A.; ISHCHENKO N.S., 100 L. BEUGEP, K.Y., 100

[Antifriction bearings | f construction equipment on i mechanized tools; a handbook] f dichipark, ke mently stroitel myke mashin i makkanizir vannew instrumenta; apravochnik. Kiev, Bidivelinyk, 1985. [2.7 p. MikA 98:11)

1. Naturnatissied twatel takey randited producted inches productions. Energepeir vakey firms.].



DYKHOVA, Zinaida Ivanovna; FEDOROV, Vladimir Mikhaylovich; MATVEYEVA, A.V., red.; MAZEL', Ye.i., tekhn. red.

[Radioactive phosphorus P³²] Radioaktivnyi fosfor - P³². Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry v oblasti atomnoi nauki i tekhniki. 1961. 22 p. (MIRA 15:1)

DYKHOVA, Z.I.; MATYUSHINA, N.A.; MOGKVIEA, M.M.; FROKOFYEVA, G.F.; KHARLAGOV, V.T.; CHIRKOV, Ye.I.; FODOE, G.; FILIF, I.

[Radioactive isotopes and labeled compounds; a catalog]
Radioaktivnye isotopy i mechenye soedineniia; katalog.
Moskva, Atomizdat, 1964. 341 p. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Sovet ekonomicheskoy vzaimopomoshehi. Postoyannaya komissiya po ispol'zovaniyu energii v mirnykh toelyakh.

DYKHOVICHNAYA, D.Ye.

Use of the pH-paper chromatography in the determination of the ionic nature of antibiotics produced by actinomycetes. Antibiotiki 8 no.10:939-942 0 '63.

(MIRA 17:10)

1. Otdel antibiotikov (zav. A.B. Chernomordik) Kiyevskogo instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii i kafedra obshchey khimii (zav. - prof. D.N. Strazhesko) Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Bogomolitsa.

MINDEL MINOV, I. A., DIRHUYLUHNAIA, N. A.; LUCHNIKOV, I. A.; SHCHUKIN, S. I. "The foundation of the highest part of the Dorogomilov Hotel in Moscow," Construction, 1952.

DYKHOVICHNAYA, N.A., inzhener; ARNDT, Yu.V., arkhitekt.

Designing pavilions for Soviet exhibitions aborad. Nov.tekh. i pered op. v stroi. 19 no.11:13-19 N '56. (MIRA 10:1) (Pavilions) (Precast concrete construction)

ONISHCHIK, L.I., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; KORCHINSKIY, I.L., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; BYKHOVSKIY, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; POLYAKOV, S.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; DYKHOVICHNAKA; H.A.; inzh.; YUSFIN, I.M., inzh.; DUZINKEVICH, S.Yu., inzh., nauchnyy red.; MUNITS, A.P., red.izd-va; BOROVNEY, N.K., tekhn.red.

[Strength analysis of bearing masonry walls of buildings to be constructed in seismic regions and instructions for performing the analysis] Primer rascheta na prochnost kamennykh nesushchikh sten zdanii, vozvodimykh v seismicheskikh raionakh, i ukazaniia k primeru rascheta. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1958. 24 p. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR. Institut stroitel'nykh konstruktsiy. 2. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut stroitel'nykh konstruktsiy Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Onishchik, Korchinskiy, Bykhovskiy, Polyakov).

3. Proyektnyy institut No.5 Ministerstva stroitel'stva RSFSR (for Dykhovichnaya, Yusfin).

(Earthquakes and building) (Walls)

ULITSKIY, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; RIVKIN, S.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; SAMOLETOV, M.V., inzh.; DYKHOVICHNYY, A.A., inzh.; KORSAK, Yu., red.; MATUSEVICH, S., tekhn.red.; PATSALYUK, P., tekhn.red.

[Reinforced concrete construction elements; analysis and design]
Zhelezobetonnye konstruktsii; raschet i konstruirovanie. Kiev.
Gos. izd-vo tekhn. lit-ry USSR, 1958. 875 p. (MIRA 12:2)
(Precast concrete construction)

DYKHOVICHNYY, A.A., inzh., KOROLi, S.A., inzh.

Making static calculations on calculating machines. Prom. stroi. i inzh. soor. 1 no.1:44-45 0 '59. (MIRA 13:12) (Electronic calculating machines) (Girders)

DYKHOVICHNYY, A.A.

Determining the sizes of bases of eccentrically loaded rightangle foundations. Osn., fund.i mekh.grun. 2 no.1:25-27 '60. (MIRA 13:5)

KOZLOV, Vladimir Shalevich; <u>DYKHOVICHNYY</u>, <u>Aleksandr Aleksandrovich</u>; GONCHAR, A.S., red.; <u>BERGER</u>, K.V., red.; <u>YEREMINA</u>, I.A., tekhn. red.

[Design of reinforced-concrete elements; mechanical methods] Raschet zhelezobetonnykh konstruktsii; mekhanizirovannye metody. Kiev, Gosstroiizdat USSR, 1963. 493 p. (MIRA 16:4) (Calculating machines) (Precast concrete)

DYKHOVICHNYY, Yu.A., inzh.; KAMENKOVICH, M.S., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: KONDRAT'YEV, A.N., inzh.; VIDGOL'TS, O.M., inzh.; SKANAVI, A.N., kand. tekhn. nauk; BORODINA, I.S., red.izd-va; SHKINEV, A.N.,inzh.,nauchnyy red.; MOCHALINA, Z.S., tekhn. red.

[Concise handbook on the design of residential and public buildings] Kratkii spravochnik po proektirovaniiu zhilykh i grazhdanskikh zdanii. Moskva, Gosstroiizdat, 1963. 507 p.

(MIRA 16:5)

(Apartment houses—Design and construction)
(Public buildings—Design and construction)

DYKHOVICHNYY, A. I.

Technical and econimic analysis of reinforced concrete floors designed according to different standards. Stroi. prom. 29, $^{\rm N}{\rm o}$ 12, 1951.

- 1. DYKHOVICHNYT, A. I.
- 4. USSR (600)
- 4. Technology
- 7. Principles of computing and planning reinforced concrete. 2 izd. dop. i perer. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January, 1953, Unclassified.

OVICHNYY, A. I.

PHASE I

TREASURE ISLAND BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REPORT

AID 245 - I

BOOK

Author: DYKHOVICHNYY, A. I.

Call No.: AF589978

Full Title: STRUCTURAL MECHANICS: ABBREVIATED COURSE (2nd ed, revised)

Transliterated Title: Stroitel'naya mekhanika: Sokrashchennyy kurs

Publishing Data

Originating Agency: None

Publishing House: State Publishing House of Literature on Construction and

Architecture

Date: 1953

No. pp.: 284

No. of copies: 20,000

Editorial Staff

Tech. Ed.: None

Editor: Snitko, I. K., Dotsent,

Kandidat Technical Sciences

Editor-in-Chief: None

Appraisers: Staff of the Chair of Structural Mechanics of the Military Engineering Academy imeni V. V. Kuybyshev and Prof. V. A. Kiselev, Doctor of Techn. Sci.

Others: Prof. I. M. Rabi hovich, head of the Chair of Structural Mechanics of the Military Engineering Academy imeni

V. V. Kuybyshev

1/2

Stroitel'naya mekhanika Sokrashchennyy kurs

AID 245 - I

Text Data

Coverage: In this abbreviated course of structural mechanics, problems connected with statically determinate and indeterminate systems are discussed, as well as retaining walls, frames, flexible systems, the determination of stresses in statically indeterminate systems by the method of consistent deformation, and calculation of structures by the method of critical load. Sketches, photos.

The book can be considered as a good short textbook but does not include any new methods of analysis.

Purpose: Approved by the Ministry of Higher Education as a textbook for students not specializing in construction mechanics.

Facilities: Among the many names of Soviet scientists mentioned are: V. Z. Vlasov (theory of shells and thin-walled shafts); Academian B.G. Galerkin, Acad. A. N. Dinnik, N. V. Kornoukhov (theory of stability); Acad. A. N. Krylov, N. P. Puzyrevskiy (calculation of beams and plates on elastic foundations); N. S. Streletskiy, A. A. Gvozdev, and A. R. Rzhanitsyn (theory of calculation of structures based on critical stress).

No. of Russian and Slavic References: Many references in footnotes (1923-1950) Available: A.I.D., Library of Congress.

DYKHOVICHNYY, Abram Ionovich, prof.; DYKHOVICHNYY, Yuriy Abramovich, inzh.

PRHEL SHTEYH, H.L., otvetstvennyy red.; KRASOVSKIY, I.P., red.

izd-va; KOROVENKOVA, Z.A., tekhn.red.

(Coal mines and mining)

[Reinforced concrete construction, with special applications to the coal industry] Zhelezobetonnye konstruktsii (s primerami ikh primeneniia v ugol'noi promyshlennosti). Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1957. 491 p. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Perel'shteyn)
(Reinforced concrete construction)

24(6)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/2455

Dykhovichnyy, Abram Ionovich, Professor

Stroitel'naya mekhanika; sokrashchennyy kurs (Structural Mechanics; Short Course) 3d ed., rev. Moscow, Ugletekhizdat, 1959. 342 p. 12,000 copies printed.

Ed.: I.K. Snitko, Professor; Ed. of Publishing House: Ye. P. Petrakova; Tech. Ed.: Z.A. Korovenkova.

PURPOSE: This textbook is intended for students of mining vuzes and students of other vuzes where short courses in structural mechanics are given.

COVERAGE: The textbook, a third edition, presents fundamental problems of statically determinate and indeterminate systems and retaining walls. Also discussed are the conditions of geometrical stability and analytical calculation of multiple spans, statically determinate beams, determinations of temperature effect, and other related problems. The author thanks Professors N.I. Bezukhov, V.D. Bychkov, G.K. Kleyn, L.I. Oni-

Card 1/12

Structural Mechanics;	Short Course	SOV/2455
Segal', A. A. Umansl	I.M. Rabinovich, S.A. R kiy, I.V. Urban, and Doc chkin and V.V. Chuvatov.	ents A.A. Dob-
TABLE OF CONTENTS:		
Foreword		3
From the Foreword to the	ne Second Edition	4
cept of design so	tural mechanics, and its chemes. Method of solving	problems. Con-
structural mechan 2. Classification of	nics f design schemes of struc f supports of plane syste f loadings	7 ctures 9
Cand 2/12		

Structural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
6. Instantaneously variable systems	22
 Ch. 2. Fundamentals of Graphical Statistics. Application of Funicular Polygon (Varignon Polygon) 7. Applying the funicular polygon in determining support 	25
reactions 8. Funicular polygon of uniformly distributed load-string	25
curve 9. Application of funicular polygon for determining static moments	
10. Application of funicular polygon for construction of bending and shear diagrams	27 29
11. Construction of bending and shear diagrams for loads acting through joint points	30
12. Application of funicular polygon for constructing elastic lines	32
Ch. 3. Lines of Influence 13. General concepts of lines of influence 14. Lines of influence of a simple beam	35 35 37
Card 3/12	

Structural Mechanics: Short Course SOV/2455	
 15. Lines of influence of cantilever trusses 16. Lines of influence in a load acting through joint points 17. Kinematic method of constructing lines of influence 18. Substituting several concentrated loads for their resultant 19. Determining the most unfavorable load of the line of influence 20. Tables of moments of trains. Use of equivalent loads 	44
21. Most unfavorable condition of a system of two concentrated loads moving along a simple beam	54
Ch. 4. Multiple-span Statically Determinate Hinged Beams 22. General concepts. Conditions of geometrical stability 23. Analytical method of calculation 24. Graphical method of calculation 25. Lines of influence of multiple-span statically determinate hinged beams	55 55 56 57 58
Ch. 5. Three-hinge Arches With Solid Wall	62
Card 4/12	

Struct	ural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
27, 28.	General concepts of arch systems Analytical method of determining support reactions Examples	62 67 70
30.	Analytical method of determining bending moments and transverse and longitudinal forces Examples	71 74
32.	Graphical method of determining support reactions Funicular polygon of forces and pressure curves Efficient configurations of the axis of an arch	75 76 79
	Statically Determinate, Beam, Cantilever, and Cantilever Beam Plane Trusses	r- 81
35. 36.	Classification of trusses Simplest trusses	81 85 94
38.		9 7 99
Card 5,		

Structural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
consideration of methods for determining stresses in truss members	101
40. Analytical determination of stress by the method of joints	103
41. Žero-stress members	104
42. Graphical solution. Reciprocal diagrams. Maxwell-	
Cremona stress diagram	107
43. Analytical determination of stresses by the method of	
sections	112
44. Combining analytical and graphical methods	116
45. Calculating complex statically determinate trusses.	
Method of substitute bars (Hennberg method)	117
46. Lines of influence in truss elements	119
47. Scheme of truss designs	123
48. Difference between actual work and theoretical work	
of structures	125
49. Comparing different types of trusses	128
Ch. 7. Statically Determinate Plane Arches	132
50. Three-hinge arches	132
Card 6/12	

Structural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
51. Suspended trusses 52. Suspended /guyed/ trusses 53. Comparing beam, arch, and suspended trusses	135 138 141
Ch. 8. Systems in Space A. Statically determinate trusses in space 54. General information 55. Supports of trusses in space 56. Design schemes 57. Methods of determining stresses in truss bars B. Concept of design methods for domes 58. Analytical design of domes 59. Graphical design of domes	143 143 145 147 150 154 159
Ch. 9. Fundamentals of Designing Retaining Walls 60. General concepts 61. Basic assumptions of the ultimate equilibrium theory 62. Determining sliding angle and the thrust of the earth pressure 63. Graphical determination of earth pressure. Poncelet diagram Card 7/12	161 161 162 164 167

Structural Mechanics; Short Course	SOV/2455	
64. Distribution of pressure on retaining walls 65. Graphical determination of earth pressure (1 at a broken contour of the back of the retai 66. Effect of a temporary load 67. Analytical determination of earth pressure 68. Reaction of earth 69. Design of retaining wall for overturning and 70. Checking the strength of retaining walls and profiles	ning wall	170 172 173 174 176 177
Ch. 10. Basic Theorems of Elastic Systems 71. Basic premises 72. Relationship between the work of internal and forces 73. Theorem of reciprocal work 74. Theorem of reciprocal displacement 75. Dimensions of unit displacements 76. Virtual work of internal forces of a plane enter system		181 181 186 187 189 191

Card 8/12

Structural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
77 Actual work of internal forces. Potential energy 78. General formula for determining displacement caused by	196
external loadMoore method	197
79. Multiplication of diagrams. Vereshchagin method. Tables of integrals. Examples for selecting auxiliary	
conditions	199
80. Determining displacements caused by external load	202
81. Determining displacements caused by temperature variation	207
82. Determining displacement caused by settlement of sup-	207
ports	209
Ch. 11. Fundamentals of Calculation of Statically Indetermina	ate
Systems by the Method of Forces	211
83. Concept of statically indeterminate systems	211
84. Degree of static indeterminateness of a plane system	212
85. Nature of the method of forces	214
86. General formula of canonical equations of the method	
of forces for calculating the effect of external load	214
87. Examples for calculating statically indeterminate	
systems for the effect of external load	218
Card 9/12	

tructural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
88. Canonical equations for calculating the effect of temperature	
89. Examples for calculating statically indeterminate systems for the effect of temperature	225
90. Canonical equations for calculating displacement of supports	226
91. Simplifying canonical equations 92. Suggestions for selecting a basic system	231 233 237
h. 12. Applying the Method of Forces to the Design of Frames 93. General concepts of frames	
94. Efficient selection of basic frame systems 95. Grouping unknowns	245
96. Resolution of the load into symmetrical and anti- symmetrical components	253
97. Determining bending moments and axial and transverse forces. Construction of a diagram	256
98. Checking solution of statically indeterminate systems 99. Example of designing a frame by the method of forces	257 260 263
ard 10/12	

Struotu	ral Mechanics; Short Course SOV/2455	
100. 101.	Applying the Method of Forces to Calculate Arches Two-hinge arches Two-hinge bowstring truss Hingeless arches	271 271 275 278
Ch. 14.	Calculating Statically Indeterminate Trusses	287
	Composition of canonical equations of the method of forces	287
	Determination of free members and coefficients of canonical equations. Final value of forces Methods of simplifying canonical equations, and	288
20).	selection of basic systems	292
	Designing Statically Indeterminate Frame Systems by the Deflection Method (Method of Deformation)	296
100.	Essentials of the method. Determination of the number of unknowns	296
108.	Equations of the deflection method Determining coefficients for the unknowns Examples of frame design by the deflection method	299 302 307
Card 11		•

Structural Mechanics; Short Course SOV/245	5
 110. Concept of a combined method of frame design /method of forces and method of deformation/ 111. Concept of a combined method /method of forces and method of deflection/ 	315 315
Ch. 16. Approximate Methods of Designing Frames 112. General concepts 113. Design of frames for vertical load 114. Design of frames for horizontal load 115. Applying solutions of canonical equations by the method of successive approximation in designing fr	318 319 321 ames 325
Ch. 17. Design of Structures for Ultimate Loads and Ultimate Conditions 116. Basic concepts 117. Design of statically determinate beams by the methor ultimate loads 118. Design of statically indeterminate beams by the methor ultimate loads	328 328 od 332
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress Card 12/12	GO/ec 0-20-59

DYKHOVICHOYY A T. HEYLINA, TS.O., inzhener; BLAGONADEZHDIN, V.Ye., inzhener; BOGUSLAVSKIY, P.Ye., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; VORONKOV, I.M., professor. GITINA, L.Ya., inzhener; GROMAN, M.B., inzhener; GOROKHOV, N.V., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk [deceased]; DENISYUK, I.N., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DOVZHIK, S.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DUKEL'SKIY, M.P., professor, doktor khimicheskikh nauk [deceased]; DYKHOVICHNYY, A.I., professor; ZHITKOV, D.G., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; KOZLOVSKIY, N.S., inzhener; LAKHTIN, Yu.M., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; LEVENSON, L.B., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk [deceased]; LEVIN, B.Z., inzhener; LIPKAN, V.F., inzhener; MARTYNOV, M.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; MOLEVA, T.I., inzhener: NOVIKOV, F.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; OSETSKIY, V.M., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; OSTROUMOV, G.A.; PONOMARENKO, Yu.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; RAKOVSKIY, V.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; REGIRER, Z.L., inzhener; SOKOLOV, A.N., inzhener; SOSUNOV, G.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; STEPANOV, V.N., professor; SHEMAKHANOV, M.M., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; EL'KIND, I.A., inzhener; YANUSHE-VICH, L.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; BOKSHITSKIY, Ya.M., inzhener, redaktor; BULATOV, S.B., inzhener, redaktor; GASHINSKIY, A.G., inzhener, redaktor; GRIGRO'YEV, V.S., inzhener, redaktor; YEGURNOV, G.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; ZHARKOV, D.V., dotsent, redaktor; ZAKHAROV, Yu.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; KAMINSKIY, V.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; KOMARKOV, Ye.F., professor, redaktor; KOSTYLEV, B.N., inzhener, redaktor; POVAROV, L.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; ULINICH, F.R., redaktor; KLORIK'YAN, S.Kh., otvetstvennyy redaktor; GLADILIN, L.V., (Continued on next card) redaktor:

RUPPENEYT, K.V., redaktor; TERPIGOREV, A.M., glavnyy redaktor;

BARABANOV, F.A., redaktor; BARANOV, A.I., redaktor; BUCHNEV, V.K.,

redaktor; GRAFOV, L.Ye., redaktor; DOKUKIN, A.V., redaktor; ZADEMID
KO, A.N., redaktor; ZASYAD'KO, A.F., redaktor; KRASNIKOVSKIY, G.V.

redaktor; LETOV, N.A., redaktor; DISHIN, G.L., redaktor; MAN'KOV
SKIY, G.I., redaktor; MEL'NIKOV, N.V., redaktor; ONIKA, D.G.,

redaktor; OSTROVSKIY, S.B., redaktor; POKROVSKIY, N.M., redaktor;

POLSTYANOY, G.N., redaktor; SKOCHINSKIY, A.A., redaktor; SONIN,

S.D., redaktor; SPIVAKOVSKIY, A.O., redaktor; STANCHENKO, I.K.,

redaktor; SUDOPLATOV, A.P., redaktor; TOPCHIYEV, A.V., redaktor;

TROYANSKIY, S.V., redaktor; SHEVYAKOV, L.D., redaktor; BYKHOV
SKAYA, S.N., redaktor izdatel'stva; ZAZUL'SKAYA, V.F., tekhniche
skiy redaktor; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Mining; an encuclopedic handbook] Gornoe delo; entsiklopedicheskii spravochnik. Glav.red. A.M. Terpigorev. Chleny glav.red. F.A. Barabanov i dr. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po ugol'noi promysh]. Vol.1. [General engineering] Obshchie inzhenernye svedeniia. Redkollegiia toma S.Kh.Klorik'ian i dr. 1957. 760 p.

(Mining engineering) (MLRA 10:10)

DYKHOVICHNYY, Abram Ionovich, prof.; DYKHOVICHNYY, Yuriy Abramovich, inzh.; PEREL'SHTEYN, N.L., retsenzent; LEV, M.A., inzh., retsenzent; CHECHKOV, L.V., red. izd-va; SABITOV, A., tekhn. red.; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhn. red.

[Reinforced-concrete structures and their use in mine construction] Zhelezobetonnye konstruktsii i ikh primenenie v shakhtnom stroitel'stve. ¹zd.2. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1962. 791 p. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Perel'shteyn). (Reinforced concrete construction) (Mining engineering)

DYKHOVICHNIY, Yu. A.

Dissertation: "Analysis of Solutions for the Frames of High Buildings." Cand Tech Sci, Moscow Order of Labor Red Banner Engineering Construction Instimeni V. V. Kuybyshev, 18 May 54. Vechernyaya Moskva, Moscow, 10 May 54.

SO: DUM 284, 26 Nov 1954

Dykhuridh Myy Yoriy Ahnonecoda

DYKHOVICHNYY, Abram Ionovich, prof.; DYKHOVICHNYY, Yuriy Abramovich, inzh.
PEREL'SHTEYN, N.L., otvetstvennyy red.; KRASOVSKIY, I.P., red.
izd-va; KOROVENKOVA, Z.A., tekhn.red.

[Reinforced concrete construction, with special applications to the coal industry] Zhelezobetonnye konstruktsii (s primerami ikh primeneniia v ugol'noi promyshlennosti). Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1957. 491 p. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Perel'shteyn)

(Reinforced concrete construction)
(Coal mines and mining)

DYKHOVICHNYY, Abram Ionovich, prof.; DYKHOVICHNYY, Yuriy Abramovich, inzh.; PEREL'SHTEYN, N.L., retsenzent; LEV, M.A., inzh., retsenzent; CHECHKOV, L.V., red. izd-va; SABITOV, A., tekhn. red.; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhn. red.

[Reinforced-concrete structures and their use in mine construction] Zhelezobetonnye konstruktsii i ikh primenenie v shakhtnom stroitel'stve. 1zd.2. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. 1zd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1962. 791 p. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Perel'shteyn).

(Reinforced concrete construction) (Mining engineering)

POL'SHIN, D.Ye.; RUDNITSKIY, N.Ya.; DYKHOVICHNYY, Yu.A.; MICHURIN, V.F.

Significant increase in the pressure on soil foundations of largeblock buildings. [!rudy] NII osn. no.49:60-67 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Upravleniye po proyektriovaniyu zhilishchmo-grazhdanskogo i kommunal'nogo stroitel'stva g. Moskvy (for Dykhovichnyy, Michurin).

(Soil mechanics) (Foundations)

DYKHOVICHNYY, Yu., insh.

Experimental construction of houses from plastic. Na stroi. Ros. 4 no.4:16-17 Ap 163. (MIRA 16:4)

(Moscow-Apartment houses)
(Class reinforced plastics)

DIKHOVICHNII, IU. L'Dykhovichniy, Yu.], inzh.

Application of plastic materials in building. Stroiteistvo 11 no.1: 16-20 Ja '64.

1. Glaven konstruktor na Upravlenieto za proektirane Mosproekt, Moskva.

DYKHOVICHNYY, Yuriy Abramovich, inzh.; KREVTSOV, D.H., inzh.;

LEVITAN, Ye.P., kand. tekhn. nenk; MAKHUCHII, b.K.,

inzh.; TARGANSKIY, H.L., inzh.; SHISHKH, A.A., prof.,

doktor tekhn. nauk, rets nuont; DROZZOV, A.G., inzh.,

retsenzent; DEMENT'YEV, S.T., inzh., retsenzent; MHHE,

A I., inzh., retsenzent; KIRILLOV, Ye.A., inzh.,

retsenzent; PERMYAKOV, S.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent;

BALASHOV, S.I., inzh., nan hm. red.

[Large-scale fully prefabricated housing construction in Moscou] Mascovoe polnosburnoe demostroenie v Moskva. [By] IU.A.Dykhovichnyl i dr. Muckva, Strellmat, 1965. (His 1813)

DYKHOVNYY, A. I.

Necessity of exact methods for the analysis of brandy products. Vin. SSSR No 4;32 April 52.

ACC NR: AT7004011 (N) SOURCE CODE: UR/3239/66/000/002/0041/0044

AUTHOR: Dykhta, L. M.

ORG: None

TITLE: Potential of a pulsating source moving under the free surface of a liquid in a circular path

SOURCE: Nikolayev. Korablestroitel'nyy institut. Sudostroyeniye i morskiye sooruzheniya, no. 2, 1966. Sudostroyeniye (Shipbuilding), 41-44

TOPIC TAGS: boundary value problem, fluid dynamics, motion mechanics, hydrodynamic theory, Green function

ABSTRACT: In studying problems associated with the oscillatory motion of a ship, it is necessary to know the potential of a pulsating source—the Green's function for determining the potentials of disturbed motion of a liquid. The author solves this problem for the case of a pulsating source moving in a liquid along a circular path. A rectangular coordinate system Oxyz rotates at a constant angular velocity about the vertical axis Oz, plane Oxy coinciding with the average (with respect to time) level of an infinitely deep heavy liquid. It is assumed that a pulsating source of given intensity is located at a certain depth beneath the free surface of the ideal liquid and the velocity potential of disturbed motion of the liquid is found, assuming given boundary conditions. Orig. art. has: 18 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: None/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 002

Card 1/1

DYKIN, cleksondr Vasil'yevich; ECCHAROV, L.M., red.

[Electronic armi semiconductor devices] Elektronnye i poluprovodnikovye pribory. Moskva, Emergina, 1965. 310 p. (MIRA 18:7)

DYKIY, Ya.D.

The OS-116 four-spindle boring machine with diamond boring tools. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.1:26-28 '59. (MIRA 12:2) (Drilling and boring machinery)

DYKLOP HIL.

AUTHOR: TITLE:

MASNOPOL'SKTY, N.L., DYNLOF A.E.

109-6-17/17

Interdepartmental Seminar on Cathous Electronics. (Mezhouve-

domstvennyy seminar po katodnoy elektronike, Russian)

Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1957, Vol 2, Nr 6, pp 314-816

(U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT:

PERIODICAL:

At the 5. meeting on the 8. April 1957 the following lectures

were delivered:

M.M. VUDYNSKIY showed that irradiation of the screen surfaces of electron beam tubes by a de-focussed bundle leads to the production of three kinds of dark spots on the screen. On this occasion the surface potential of the non-conductor changes in

two stages.

I.P.ZAKIROVA and S.A.FRIDRIKHOV gave a report on the kinetics of the production of a charge on the non-conductor surfaces (glass, mica) under the effect of a bombardment by electrons

(in the interval of from 20 to 15000 eV).

G.S.KOZINA spoke about the peculiarities of the secondary emission of thin free aluminum oxide films $(0.05 - 0.2 \mu)$. M.M. VUDYNSKIY gave a short report on the dependence of the coefficient of secondary electron emission upon the angle of incidence of the primary electrons for mica and semiconductor

glass.

Card 1/2

109-6-17/17

Interdepartmental Seminar on Cathode Electronics.

V.B. KRUSSER gave a survey of the history, the present stage, and the ways of development of transmission television tubes in the U.S.S.R. He indicated the ways and means of further development. (With 3 Slavic References).

ASSOCIATION:

Not given

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

20.4.1957

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 2/2

SOKOLOV, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich, dotsent; PAVLOV, Dmitriy Vasil'yevich, dotsent; BOL'SHAKOV, Aleksay Sergayevich, dotsent; ZHURAVSKAYA, Nina Konstantinovna, dotsent; SHOPENSKIY, Andrey Pavlovich, dotsent; DYKLOP, Eduard Patrovich, dotsent; MANERBERGER, A.A., spetsred.; KORBUT, L.V., red.; SOKOLOVA, I.A., tekhn.red.

[Technology of meat and meat products] Tekhnologiia miasa i miasoproduktov. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1960. 672 p. (MIRA 14:4)

(Meat industry)

PIROG, Petr Ivanovich; DYKLOP, E.P., retsenzent; IGNATENKO, P.L., retsenzent; TSYPERSON, A.L., red.; VOLKOVA, V.G., tekhn. red.

[Principles of construction] Osnovy stroitel'nogo dela. Moskva, Gostorgizdat, 1963. 199 p. (MIRA 16:8) (Building)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411730006-9

24.7600 (1043,1160, 1075)

85021

S/048/60/024/010/030/033 B013/B063

AUTHORS:

Zhukovskiy, V. I., Dorokhova, M. P., Zaremba, N. Ye.,

Dykman, D. G., Boys, G. V.

TITLE:

Data of a Thermographic Study of Barium Titanate With

Certain Admixtures

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, 1960,

Vol. 24, No. 10, pp. 1294 - 1295

TEXT: The authors examined the effect of commonly used admixtures upon the sintering process of barium titanate. These admixtures include ZrO₂, Bi₂O₃, TiO₂, CaCO₃, MgCO₃, BaCO₃, etc. For this purpose, they made use of a complex thermal analysis which was conducted on an apparatus of the type YKTA-58 (UKTA-58). Barium titanate was synthesized at 1260°C. The samples were produced by the conventional ceramic process. The thermogram of barium titanate is shown in Fig.1. The first exothermic effect appears at 300°C and is related to the burning out of the plasticizer; the second effect occurs at 1300°C and is due to the termination of the

Card 1/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411730006-9

85021

Data of a Thermographic Study of Barium Titanate With Certain Admixtures

S/048/60/024/010/030/033 B013/B063

production process of barium titanate. The endothermic effect observable at 870°C may be explained by the conversion of BaCO₃ contained in the material used. On the addition of TiO₂ and ZrO₂, two other thermal effects are visible in the temperature range 1250 ÷ 1290°C: an endothermic effect on heating and an exothermic effect on cooling (Fig.2). This is presumably due to the formation of an eutectic BaTiO₃ melt with titanates of higher acidity and their subsequent crystallization. An X-ray analysis, performed by Ye. I. Gindin, of the system BaTiO₃-ZrO₂ indicated the existence of a solid solution with a perovskite lattice. This fact is indicative of an excessive amount of titanate dioxide. The abovementioned thermal effects are probably related to the presence of the latter. However, the data available do not indicate the compounds that form an eutectic melt. The authors established that a liquid phase exists when sintering a material on the basis of barium titanate with the addition of TiO₂ and ZrO₂. In the presence of MgCO₃, CaCO₃, BaCO₃,

Card 2/3

85021

Data of a Thermographic Study of Barium Titanate With Certain Admixtures

s/048/60/024/010/030/033 B013/B063

and other admixtures, the thermal effects due to the presence of ZrO₂ are maintained. They are, however, suppressed by adding Bi₂O₃.

E. K. Keler and N. B. Karpenko are mentioned. The present paper was read at the Third Conference on Piezoelectricity, which took place in Moscow from January 25 to 30, 1960. There are 3 figures and 2 references:

1 Soviet and 1 US.

 \times

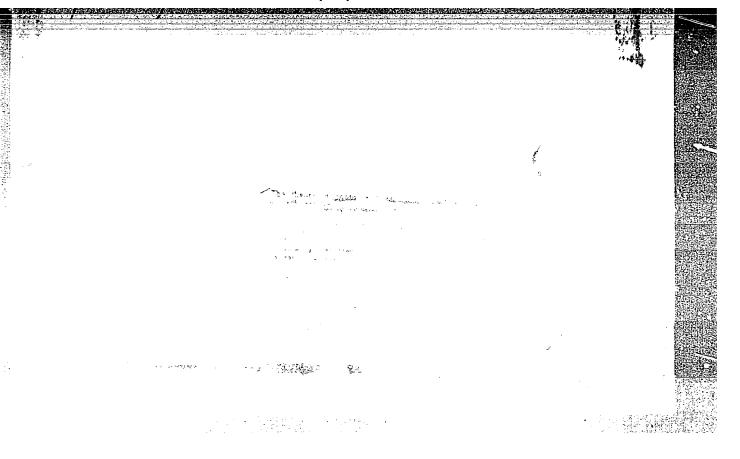
Card 3/3

DYKMAN, I.B., aspirant

Diagnosis and clinical aspects of hemorrhagic metropathy. Sbor. nauch. rab. Kaf. akush. 1 gin. GMI no.2:94-98 160. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz kafedry akusherstva i ginekologii pediatricheskogo fakul'teta Gor'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta. Nauchnyy rukovoditel' prof. Dobrotin, S.S.

(HEMORRHAGE, UTERINE)



DYKLOP, V. K.

"Factors of Mest Contamination in Technological Processing and Preventive Measures." Thesis for degree of Cand. Biological Sci. Sub 15 Jun 50, Moscov Chemico-technological Inst of Mest Industry

Summary 71, 4 Sept 52. <u>Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Sci. and Engi. in Mescow in 1950</u>. From <u>Vechernyaya Meskya</u>. Jan-Dec 1950.

DYKLOF, V. K.

Antiseptics for controlling molds in slaughter and packing houses. Mias ind. 23, No 4, 1952.

- 1. DYKLOF. V., EARMASH, A.
- 2. USSR (600) .
- 4. Meat, Canned
- 7. Methol of double starilization of caused meat products. Mias. ind. 24, No. 1, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, 1953. Unclassified.

DYKLOF V.K.

BARMASH, A.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DIKLOP, V.K., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk.

Technology of ham canning. Trudy VNIIMS no.6:24-48 '54. (MIRA 10:8) (Ham--Preservation)

DYKLOP, V. K.

BARMASH, A.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DYKLOP, V.K., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk.

Technology of canning frankfurters and Paris sausages. Trudy VNIINS no.6:49-64 154. (MIRA 10:8)

DYKLOP, V.

BARMASH, A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DYKLOP, V., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk; ARENS, A.

Canned ham production. Mias.ind.SSSR 25 no.2:22-26 154. (MLRA 7:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasnoy promyshlennosti (for Barmash and Dyklop). 2. Rizhskiy myasokonservnyy kombinat (for Arens). (Meat, Canned)

KAZAKOV, A.M., doktor meditsinskikh nauk; DYKLOP, V.K., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk.

Studying some antibiotics used for improving the keeping quality of meat and meat products. Trudy VNIIMP no.7:30-41 '55. (MLRA 9:8)

(Meat--Preservation) (Antibiotics)

LAVROVA, L.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; LYASKOVSKAYA, Yu.N., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; SHISHKINA, N.H., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DYKLOP, V.K., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk; IVAHOVA, A.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KALEHOVA, M.S.; DUBROVINA, L.I.; POLETAYEV, T.N.

Protective coating for sausages. Trudy VNIIMP no.7:48-67 '55.
(MLRA 9:8)
(Sausages) (Protective coatings)

DYKLOP, V.K., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk.

Testing new antiseptics for controlling molds in meat combines.

Trudy VNIMP no.7:151-157 '55. (MLRA 9:8)

(Antiseptics) (Fungicides) (Meat industry)

DYKLOP, V.K.

LAVROVA, L., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; VOLOVINSKAYA, V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DYKLOP, V., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk; KALENDVA, M., inzhener.

Duration of salting period in the production of boiled sausages. Mias. ind. SSSR 27 no.4:24-29 '56. (MLRA 9:10)

(Sausages)

LAVROVA, L., kand.tekhn.nauk; VOLOVINSKAYA, V., kand.tekhn.nauk; DYKLOP, V., kand.biol.nauk; KRYLOVA, V.; MERKULOVA, V.

Comminuting meat. Mias. ind. SSSR 29 no.1:11-14 158.

(MIRA 11:3)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasnoy promyshlennosti.

(Sausages)

BARMASH, A.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; DERGUNOVA, A.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; DYKIOP. V.K., kand.bilogicheskikh nauk; DUBROVINA, L.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; TRUDOLYUBOVA, G.B.; POLETAYEV, T.N.; V rabote prinimali uchastiye; LAVROVA, L.P.; POZHARISKAYA, L.S.; ZUYEVA, L.D.; KALITA, L.A.; NESLYUZOV, A.F.; GOL'DMAN, Ye.I.; MAKEYEVA, M.N.; STEFANOV, A.F.

Use of blood in sausage manufacturing and canning. Trudy VNI IMP no.9:63-74 159. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchnoy-issledovatel skiy institut myasnoy promy-shlennosti (for Lavrova, Pozhariskaya, Zuyeva, Kalita, Neslyuzov).

2. Spetsialisty Moskovskogo myasokombinata (for Gol'dman, Makeyeva, Stefanov).

(Blood as food or medicine) (Sausages)
(Canning and preserving)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411730006-9

DYKMAN, I. M.

PA 51/49T70

Jan 49

USSR/Physics

-

Second Sound Semiconductors

"Bibliography of Material Available at the Scientific Library of the Physicotechnical Institute, Academy of Sciences USSR" 15 pp

"Zhur Tekh Fiz" Vol XIX, No 7

Includes articles: I. Pomeranchuk's "Influence of Admixtures on the Thermodynamic Properties and Speed of Second Sound in Helium," V. A. Fok's "Movement of Ions in Plasma," and N. M. Dykman's "Theory of Photo- and Secondary Electron Emission From Effective Semiconducting Emitters."

51/49770

DYKMAN, I.M.

USSR/Physics - Cathode Electronics

I. Dykman "Chronicles: Conference on Cathode Electronics,"

Jan 25

"Zhur Tekh Fiz" Vol XXII, No 1, pp 175-182

cathodes; photoelec effect; secondary electron 206T108

general problems on operation and structure of Reports were presented in the following categories: terested institutes and factories were represented: Chem Sci, Acad Sci Ukrainian SSR, at which many in-Sci, Acad Sci USSR, and the Dept of Physicomath electronics was held by the Dept of Physicomath Acad Sci Ukrainian SSR, a conference on cathode From 4 to 9 Jul 51 at Kiev in the Inst of Phys,

pus

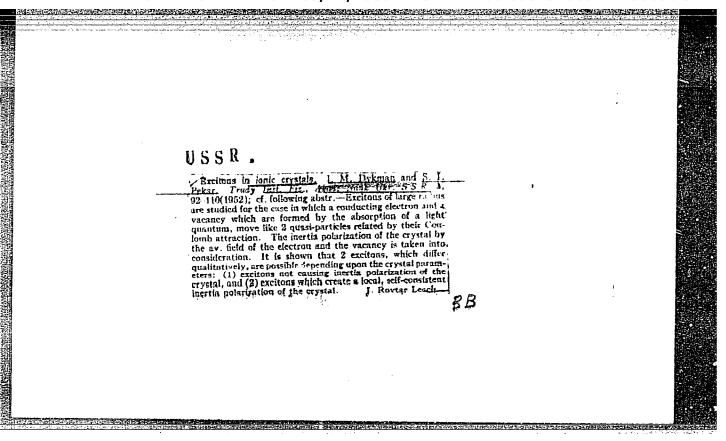
USSR/Physics - Cathode Electronics (Contd) Jan 52

stracts of reports given. discharge conditions and ionic bombardment. emission; thermoelectron emission; cathodes under Submitted 1 Oct 51.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

206T108

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411730006-9"

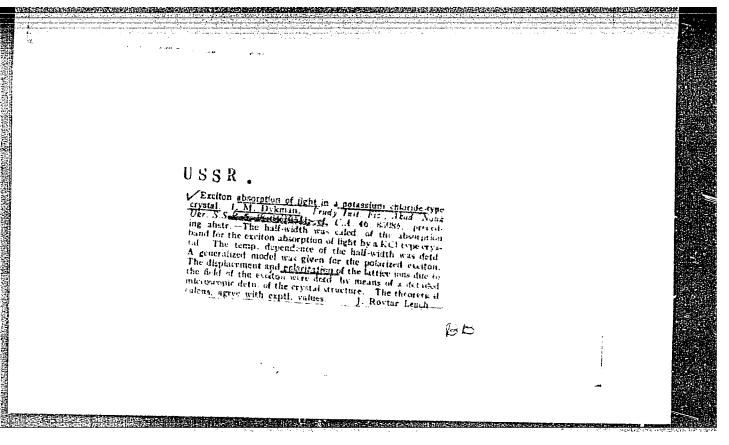


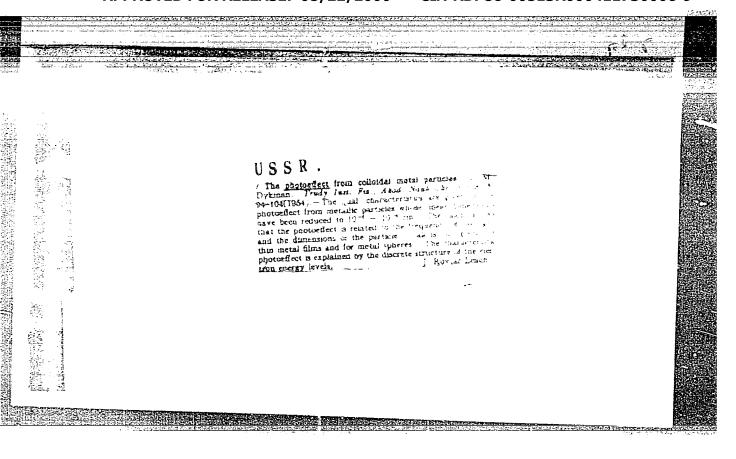
ght t equilibrium
Investigates the exiton taking into account its strong interaction with the oscillations of ions. Considers the case where the radius of the electron's orbit or of the hole is so big that the interaction between them can be taken as the interaction between 2 opposite point charges and application of the method of effective mass is valid. States that if polarizing exitons are formed during absorption of
Tauk SSSR'
Physics - Exitons, Luminescence 21 /

DYKMAN, I. M.; PEKAR, S. I.

"Excitons in ionic crystals," Doklady, A.N. USER, vo. 83, 1953, p. 825 (7 pp.).

B-84049, 7 Apr 55





/USSR/Physics - Excitons

FD-1363

Card 1/1

: Pub. 146-8/18

Author

: Dykman, I. M.

Title

: Polarizing excitons in crystals of type KCl

Periodical

: Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz., 26, 307-316, Mar 1954

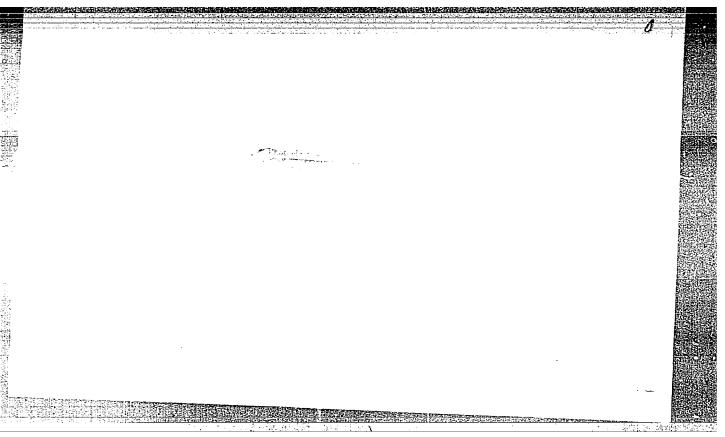
Abstract

: As a model of a polarizing exciton in alkali halide crystals, the author proposes an electric multipole consisting of positive charge +e located at the halide junction of the lattice and six negative charges -e/6 located at the closest metal junctions. He determines the displacements and polarization of the ions of the lattice which are caused by the field of the exciton, taking into account the microscopic structure of the crystal. On the example of the KCl crystal he considers the exciton absorption of light and computes the half width of the corresponding band of absorption and also its temperature dependence. Acknowledges interest and discussions of Prof. S. I. Pekar and K. B.

Tolpygo.

Institution : Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of Ukrainian SSR

Submitted : July 21, 1953



DYKMAN, I.M

USSR/ Chemistry - Colloids

Card 1/2

Pub. 22 - 27/52

Authors

Glazman, Yu. M., and Dykman, I. M.

Title

Coagulation of lyophobic sols under the effect of electrolyte mixtures

Periodical

Dok. AN SSSR 100/2 299-302, Jan 11, 1955

Abotract :

It was established that when the process of coagulation of lyophobic sols is not complicated by additional phenomena like adsorption, chemical reaction, etc, the addition to the sol of two electrolytes (differing in valence of the coagulating ions) will be expressed by a plain synergism effect. The phenomena of instances where antagonism

may appear are discussed.

Institution :

The Technological Institute of Light Industry, Kiev

Presented by :

Academician A. N. Frumkin, July 29, 1954

Periodical: Dok. AN SSSR 100/2, 299-302, Jan 11, 1955

Card 2/2

Abstract: The antagonism was found to be in some way connected with the adsorption reactions which take place during the addition of electrolytes to the sol. The role of the colloidal-dispersion phase in the process of sol coagulation is explained. Seven references: 4 USSR, 2 German and 1 Dutch (1929-1946). Graph.

DYKNAH, I.N.

Changes in the electron emission yield of metals following the adsorption of dipole molecules by the metal surface. Ukr.fiz.zhur. 1 no.1: 81-87 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Institut fiziki Akademii nauk URSR. (Electron emission) (Barium) (Tungsten)

HYANAY IM

Category : USSR/Electronics - General Problems

H-1

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 1, 1957, No 1632

Author : Dykman, I.M.

Title : Conference on Cathode Electronics in 1955

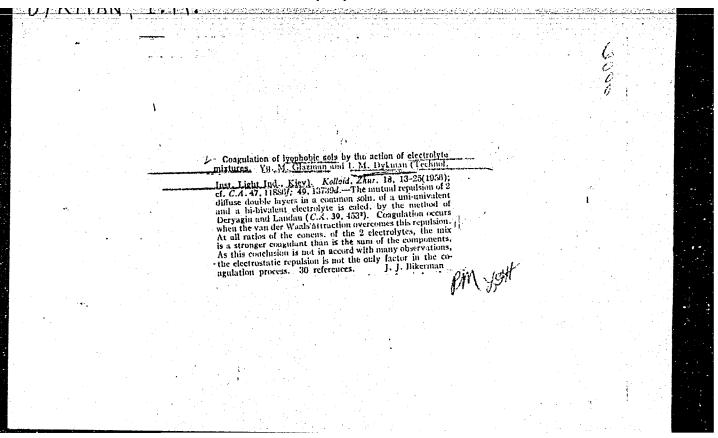
Orig Pub : Radiotekhn. i elektronika, 1956, 1, No 3, 393-403

Abstract : Contents of the papers delivered at the conference devoted to problems

of cathode electronics, held in Kiev on 25-30 November 1955. (thermal, field, photoelectric and secondary-electron emission, and cathode spat-

tering). See also Abstract No 1631.

Card 3 1/1



DYKMAN, I. N.

"Variation of Output Work During Adsorption of Dipole Molecules on the Metallic Surface," by I. M. Dykman, Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Fizicheskaya, Vol 20, No 9, Sep 56, p 1076 (abbreviated report; full text published in Ukr. Fiz. Zhurn. 1, 81, 1956)

The variation of the output work of the metal during the adsorption of atoms or molecules on its surface substantially depends not only on the interaction of the adsorbed molecules with the adsorbent metal, but also on the mutual interaction of the adsorbent molecules. During a physical adsorption when the molcule has some dipole moment, the drop of the output work may be explained by a dominating orientation of molecular dipoles. The article assumes that an electric field K acts at the metallic surface, at a short distance in a direction pointing from the metal to the vacuum. The electrostatic interaction of adsorbed molecules is taken into account. The application of statistics allows, within limits of a monomolecular layer, obtaining the relation of the output work drop to the concentration of adsorbed molecules. The plotted curve has a maximum.

Results of the computation were applied to the case of adsorption of BaO and CsCl molecules on W and compared with the corresponding experimental data of N. D. Morgulis and V. M. Gavrilyuk. In these two cases the E values from theoretical and experimental data concurred with a degree of accuracy sufficient for the qualitative case.

DYKMAK, I.M.

CÚBJECT

USSR / PHYSICS

CARD 1 / 2

PA - 1838

AUTHOR

DYKMAN, I.M., KAPLUNOVA, E.I., TOLPYGO, K.B.

WITLE PERIODICAL The Field Mass of the Polarizing Exitons in Ion Crystals.

Zurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc. 11, 2459-2466 (1956)

Issued: 12 / 1956

The present work investigates the comparatively slow motion of an exiton as a whole. In this case the velocity of the displacement of the "center of mass" of the "polarization trough" is to be understood (in the exiton- as well as in the polaron theory), which agrees with the motion of an electron and hole. It is then possible, when developing the exiton energy according to the powers of the velocity v, to content oneself with the quadratic term. The coefficient near

v²/2 is then the effective mass of the exiton.

The macroscopic computation of the effective mass of the exiton: Several previous works are cited, whereupon the formula for the effective mass M, which was derived by L.G.LANDAU and S.I.PEKAR (Žurn.eksp.i teor.fis, 18, 419 (1948)), is given and specialized for the spherical-symmetric states of the exitons (particularly for the lowest 1s-state). Finally, the definite formula for M is given without following the entire course of computation. Under certain conditions the value

M $\sim 10^5$ - 10^6 electron masses is obtained for NaCl, KCl and other alkali halide crystals. However, so large effective masses of the exiton apparently do not correspond to the actual values for these materials. Therefore, the microscopic structure of the crystals must be taken into consideration in this connection.

Zurn.techn.fis, <u>26</u>, fasc. 11, 2459-2466 (1956) CARD 2 / 2

PA - 1838

The microscopic computation of the effective mass of the exiton: For the computation of the displacement of the ions the potential energy of the interaction between the crystals with an electron and a hole is written down. The induction $D(\vec{r})$ occurring in this formula is computed as the induction of a multipole with the usual formulae for electrostatics. The displacements and the dipole moments of all ions can easily be determined after transition to the normal coordinates. The deformation in the distribution of the exiton charge and the modification of the forces acting upon the surrounding ions (if the displacement of the ions is less than the lattice constant), are neglected. When computing the forces brought to bear by the exitons onto the ions, the field of the exiton is considered to be the field of a system of seven charges which move with progressive uniformity within the space. The formula for the effective mass M found under these and other conditions is given.

The numerical values of the effective mass of the exiton in KCl- and NaCl-crystals, which are discussed at the end, show that the effective mass of the exiton has essentially a fieldlike character.

INSTITUTION: